

7. Mark schemes for Paper 1: arithmetic

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
1	1,087	1m	
2	350	1m	
3	326	1m	
4	459	1m	
5	1,221	1m	
6	19	1m	
7	97,637	1m	
8	405	1m	
9	24	1m	
10	2,637	1m	
11	568	1m	
12	3,500	1m	
13	41,200	1m	
14	9.125	1m	
15	162	1m	
16	42.294	1m	
17	53.18	1m	
18	110,457	1m	
19	19	1m	
20	0.09	1m	
21	2.85	1m	
22	110	1m	

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
23	<p>Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 3,266</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetical error, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ \times 46 \\ \hline 426 \\ 2840 \\ \hline 3260 \text{ (error)} \end{array}$ OR • $\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ \times 46 \\ \hline 426 \\ 2440 \text{ (error)} \\ \hline 2866 \end{array}$ 	Up to 2m	<p>Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.</p> <p>Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens:</p> $\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ \times 46 \\ \hline 426 \\ 284 \text{ (place value error)} \\ \hline 710 \end{array}$
24	$1 \frac{2}{7}$ OR $\frac{9}{7}$	1m	<p>Accept equivalent fractions or the <u>exact</u> decimal equivalent, e.g. $1.\overline{285714}$ (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digits).</p> <p>Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals.</p>
25	360	1m	Do not accept 360%
26	91.5	1m	
27	$\frac{1}{4}$	1m	Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.25

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
28	<p>Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 25</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal methods of division with no more than ONE arithmetical error, i.e.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> long division algorithm, e.g. $\begin{array}{r} 25r2 \\ 29 \overline{) 725} \\ - 580 \quad (20 \times 29) \\ \hline 145 \\ - 116 \quad (4 \times 29) \\ \hline 31 \quad (error) \\ - 29 \quad (1 \times 29) \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$ <p>OR</p> $\begin{array}{r} 24 \quad (error) \\ 29 \overline{) 725} \\ - 58 \quad (2 \times 29) \\ \hline 145 \\ - 145 \quad (5 \times 29) \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> short division algorithm, e.g. $\begin{array}{r} 2 \ 6 \quad (error) \\ 29 \overline{) 72^{14}5} \end{array}$	Up to 2m	<p>Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.</p> <p>Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor.</p>
29	66	1m	Do not accept 66%

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
30	<p>Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 203,794</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetical error, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $\begin{array}{r} 6574 \\ \times \quad 31 \\ \hline 6574 \\ 143790 \text{ (error)} \\ \hline 150364 \end{array}$ <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $\begin{array}{r} 6574 \\ \times \quad 31 \\ \hline 6574 \\ 197220 \\ \hline 193794 \text{ (error)} \end{array}$ 	Up to 2m	<p>Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.</p> <p>Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens:</p> $\begin{array}{r} 6574 \\ \times \quad 31 \\ \hline 6574 \\ 19722 \text{ (place value error)} \\ \hline 26296 \end{array}$
31	$2 \frac{1}{10}$ OR $\frac{21}{10}$	1m	<p>Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 2.1</p> <p>Do not accept $1 \frac{11}{10}$</p>

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
32	<p>Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 26</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal methods of division with no more than ONE arithmetical error, i.e.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> long division algorithm, e.g. $ \begin{array}{r} 28r14 \\ 43 \overline{)1118} \\ \underline{- 645} \quad (15 \times 43) \\ 573 \quad (error) \\ \underline{- 430} \quad (10 \times 43) \\ 143 \\ \underline{- 129} \quad (3 \times 43) \\ 14 \end{array} $ <p>OR</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 25r23 \\ 43 \overline{)1118} \\ \underline{- 88} \quad (error) \quad (2 \times 43) \\ 238 \\ \underline{- 215} \quad (5 \times 43) \\ 23 \end{array} $ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> short division algorithm, e.g. $ \begin{array}{r} 25 \quad (error) \\ 43 \overline{)111}^{25} 8 \end{array} $	Up to 2m	<p>Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.</p> <p>Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor.</p>
33	$\frac{1}{5}$	1m	Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.2
34	56	1m	
35	$\frac{11}{12}$	1m	<p>Accept equivalent fractions or the exact decimal equivalent e.g. $0.91\bar{6}$ (accept any unambiguous indication of the recurring digit).</p> <p>Do not accept rounded or truncated decimals.</p>
36	53	1m	

